



# NRHA

## WELCOME

Rural Health Executive  
Educational Series

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- ✓ All attendees are muted during the webinar
- ✓ We like to get through our presentations in about 45 minutes, offering time at the end for questions to the presenter
- ✓ If you have a question for the presenter, please type it into the question section of your GOTO webinar control panel. We will cover it at the end.
- ✓ This event is being recorded. You will receive an email before the end of the day with a link to the recording.



# WHAT CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS SHOULD KNOW ABOUT PARTNERSHIPS

December 7th, 2023

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# MEET THE SPEAKERS



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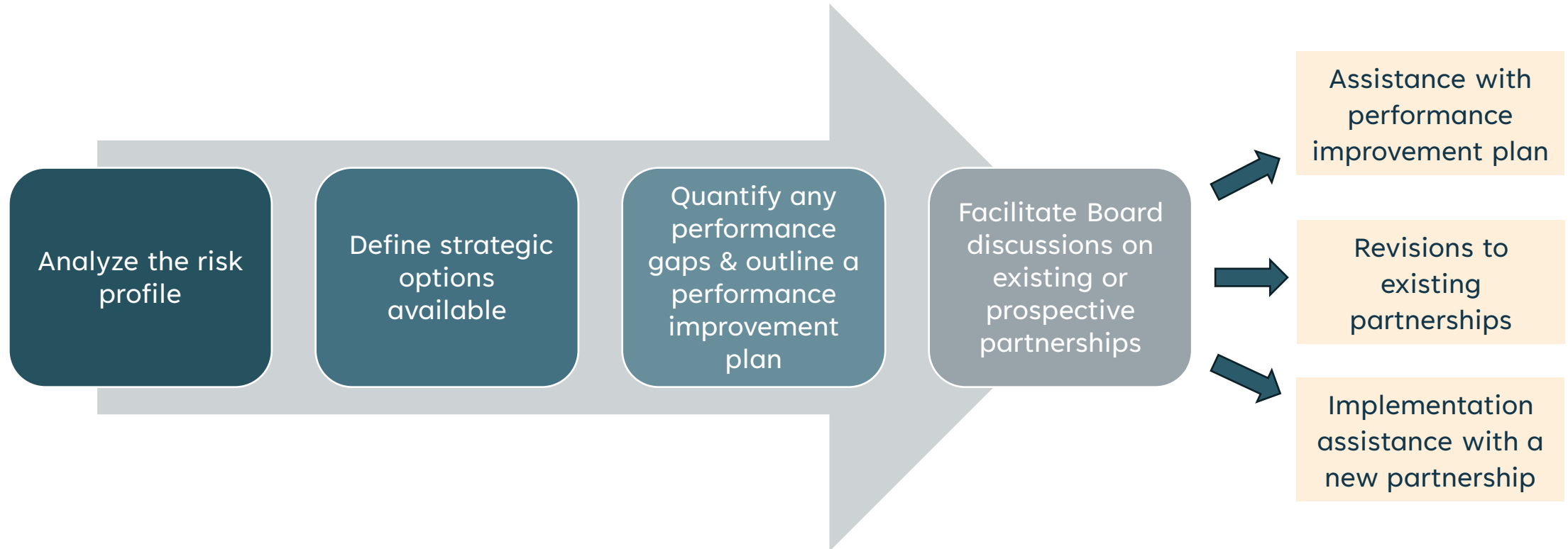
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Stroudwater is a leading national healthcare consulting firm specializing in mission-critical strategic, operational, and financial opportunities for healthcare leaders' most pressing challenges



# KEY POINT: SOUND OPERATIONS UNDERPIN ALL OPTIONS

When we talk to a client about strategic options, we focus on mitigating strategic risks. Sound operating results are foundational to those efforts regardless of the strategic option selected. From there, we can evaluate strategic options to find the right strategy based on the organization's risk profile.



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Health industry factors that are driving partnerships



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# HEALTH INDUSTRY FACTORS THAT ARE DRIVING PARTNERSHIPS

# NOT-FOR-PROFIT HEALTHCARE 2023 OUTLOOK

## DECEMBER 2022 AND JULY 2023

### Moody's Not-For-Profit Healthcare 2023 Outlook Remains Negative, as Inflation and Labor Drive Higher Expenses

- Labor shortages will remain a primary driver of elevated expenses, which will restrain growth in margins. Higher inflation, persistent COVID-19 surges, supply chain disruptions, and continued cybersecurity investments will also increase expenses.
- "While operating cash flow will grow in 2023, the high expense environment, coupled with modest revenue gains, will limit the profit margin for the not-for-profit healthcare sector. This level of operating cash flow production will likely prove insufficient over the long term to enable adequate reinvestment in facilities, maintain investment in programs, or support organizational growth – key considerations that drive our negative outlook," said Brad Spielman, Vice President, Senior Credit Officer for Moody's Investors Service.

### Fitch's Sector Outlook: Deteriorating

- Fitch reported in July of 2023 that hospitals can expect weak margins for the remainder of 2023 and into 2024.
- Fitch reported that about half of the hospitals rated by Fitch had a negative operating margin in 2022 with a median operating margin is now 0.2%.
- Fitch projects that more hospitals and health systems are expected to pursue mergers and acquisitions given the difficult healthcare landscape.

### S&P 2023 Midyear Outlook: Negative

- S&P expects rating and outlook actions to continue to trend negative but predicts that the pace of actions may slow.
- Continued performance improvement will be necessary for long-term credit stability.
- S&P expects financial performance to have improved since 2022, but that the recovery will be uneven across credits.

Sources:

<https://www.chiefhealthcareexecutive.com/view/hospitals-can-expect-weak-margins-for-the-rest-of-2023-and-into-2024>

<https://www.fitchratings.com/research/us-public-finance/us-not-for-profit-hospitals-health-systems-outlook-2023-01-12-2022>

<https://www.hfma.org/finance-and-business-strategy/healthcare-business-trends/not-for-profit-hospital-outlook/>

[https://www.moodys.com/research/Moodys-Not-For-Profit-Healthcare-2023-Outlook-Remains-Negative-as--PBM\\_1351244](https://www.moodys.com/research/Moodys-Not-For-Profit-Healthcare-2023-Outlook-Remains-Negative-as--PBM_1351244)

<https://www.spglobal.com/ratings/en/research/articles/230628-u-s-not-for-profit-health-care-midyear-update-2023-out-of-intensive-care-and-on-the-path-to-recovery-amid-on-12778269>



# 2023 MID-YEAR STATISTICS

## U.S. not-for-profit acute health care by the numbers

91%



Sample of more than 400 rated acute care organizations included

Stable outlooks as of June 30

83%  
2022



73%  
2023



### Key trends

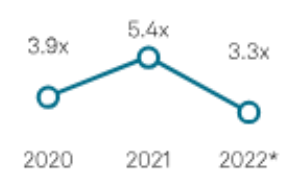
#### Days' cash on hand



#### Operating margin



#### Maximum annual DSCR

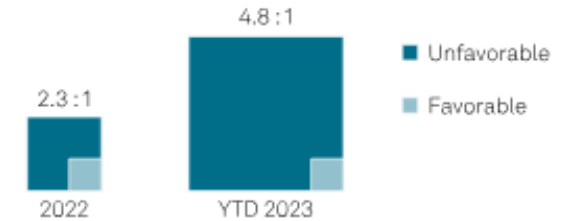


### Rating and outlook action trends

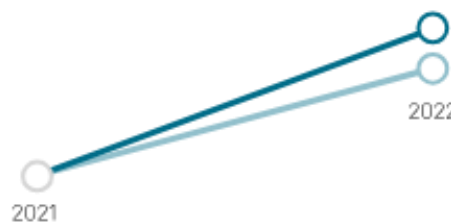
#### Lowered ratings to raised ratings



#### Unfavorable outlook actions to favorable outlook actions



### Median revenue and expense growth trends



17.2% increase in total operating expenses

12.5% increase in net patient service revenue

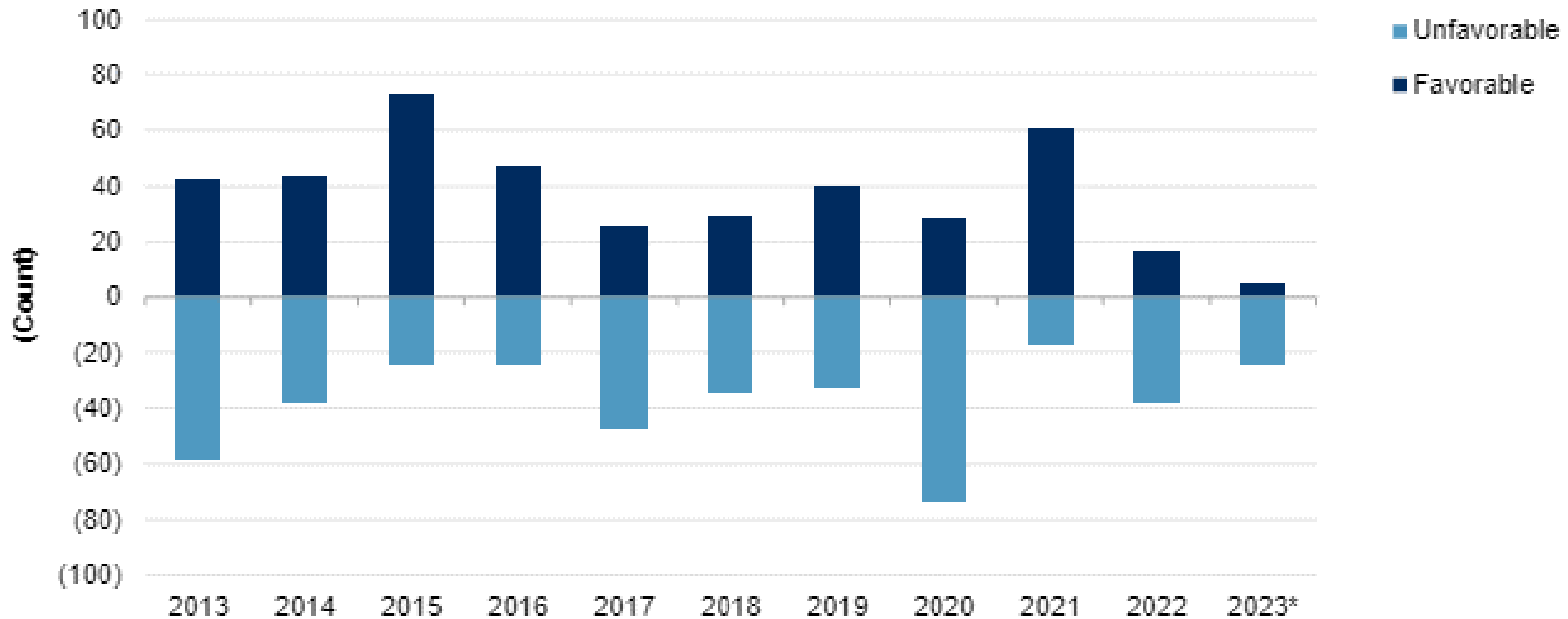
\*10-year low. DSCR--Debt service coverage ratio. YTD--Year to date. Source: S&P Global Ratings. Copyright © 2023 by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC. All rights reserved.





# 2023 MID-YEAR STATISTICS, CONT.

## U.S. not-for-profit acute health care sector outlook revisions



Data for all outlook changes unaccompanied by a rating change. \*Outlook revisions through June 30, 2023.

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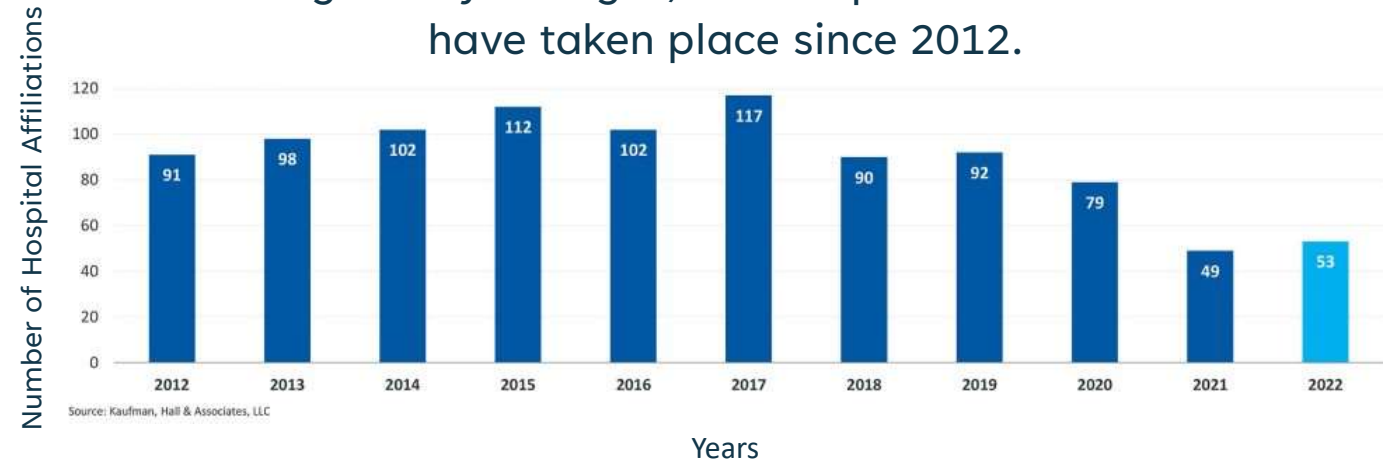


# AFFILIATION DRIVERS: INDUSTRY CONSOLIDATION

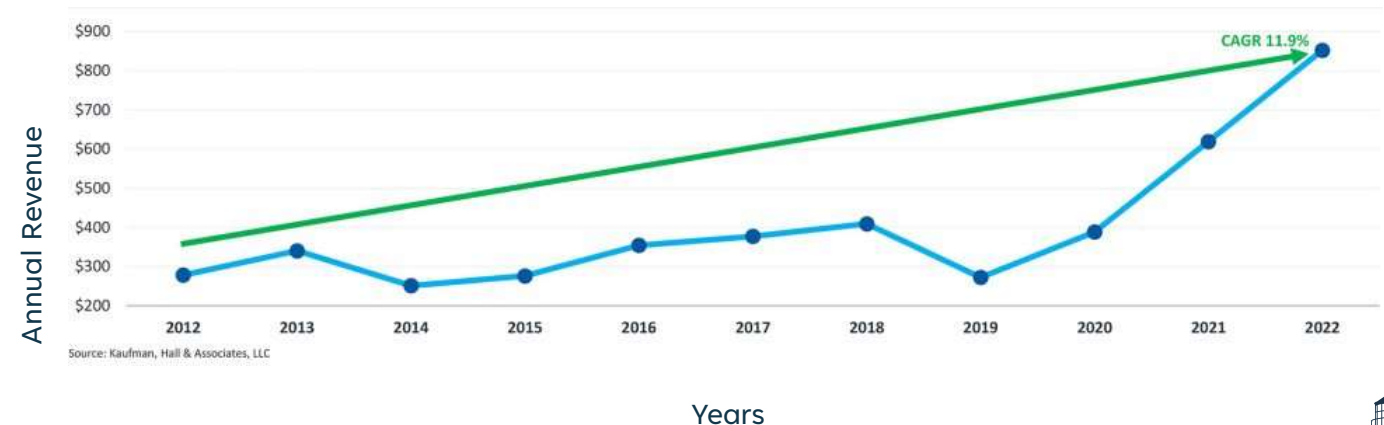
## Catalysts:

- Margin pressure
- Heightened competition
- Staffing crisis
- Rising bad debt from high-deductible health plans
- Declining inpatient admissions
- Changing payment models
- Quality initiatives
- Provider shortages
- Economies of skill

In response to industry disruption and regulatory changes, 985 hospital affiliations have taken place since 2012.

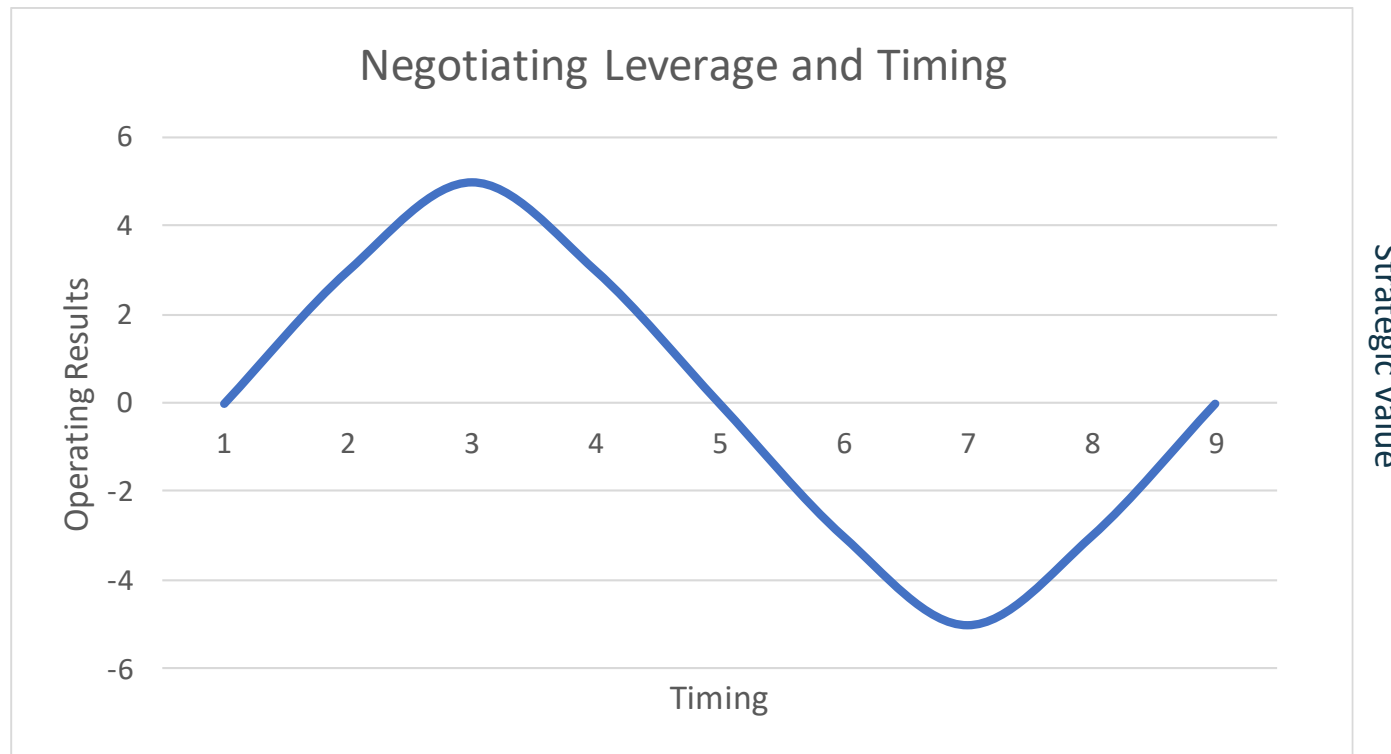


Average Smaller Party Size by Annual Revenue, 2012 - 2022



# TIME IS NEVER A NEUTRAL FACTOR

- A struggling hospital must weigh the pros and cons of the following timing factors:
  - Time to demonstrate results from a performance improvement plan
  - Time for major developments
  - Time for adverse market developments to have an effect (state and federal budgets, competitor response, etc.)





# INCREASING REGULATORY SCRUTINY

- The federal government is ratcheting up scrutiny for large hospital transactions and acquisitions.
  - Memphis, Tennessee–based Methodist Le Bonheur backed out of a bid to buy two Tenet-owned hospitals in the city after pushback from the FTC.
  - A federal judge halted a proposed merger between Hackensack Meridian Health in New Jersey and Englewood Health after the FTC challenged the deal.
  - The NH attorney general objected to the proposed merger of Dartmouth Health and GraniteOne Health because it violated the state’s constitution that requires “free and fair competition in the trades and industries.”
- **President Biden has issued an executive order calling for federal agencies to take a closer look at the impacts of such mergers.**

**GIVEN THE INCREASED SCRUTINY, IT IS CRITICAL TO UNDERSTAND AND FOCUS ON VALUE LEVERS UNRELATED TO CONTRACTING.**





# WHEN TO THINK ABOUT PARTNERSHIPS

# CASE STUDY: COST OF DELAY

- The hospital was a strong rural PPS health system, facing major capital investment needs.
- Previously, the rural system had affiliated its multi-specialty group with a regional health system with a strong track record of operating multi-specialty groups.
  - This alignment addressed one of the major concerns they faced: how to sustain their local medical community in the face of declining hospital margins and provider shortages.
  - The rural system was successful in sustaining and building its medical staff – in part because of their alignment with the large system and its affiliated medical school.
  - However, this move effectively eliminated any other partner from consideration.
- The rural system board was concerned about increasing competition, capital investment needs and growing complexity.
- The rural system Board elected to defer a proposed affiliation that met substantially all of their requirements and included a \$25M capital infusion toward investment needs.
- 12 months later, the regional system had entered into other commitments and they had to pullback their capital commitment.
- 6 months later, the rural system elected to affiliate on the same terms as had been negotiated previously less the \$25M investment commitment.
- Time is never a neutral factor.



# UNDERSTANDING THE RISKS

“What is the best strategy to achieve mission and vision?”

Independence vs. Affiliation/Partnership



## How do you minimize Operating Risk?

- **Accountability around strategic objectives** between the board, the management team, and the medical staff
- Create access to a **robust primary care base**
- Maintain annual **operating cash flows** at least equal to debt service plus 120% of depreciation expense
- Achieve required value metrics re: **quality and cost** and selectively assume risk
- Invest in a distributed and efficient **ambulatory network**

## How do you minimize Partner Risk?

- Design a well-structured affiliation process with clear objectives
- Select a **strategically aligned partner**
- **Vet alternative partners' track records and capabilities**
- Vet alternative **affiliation structures** for their fit with our strategic objectives
- **Contractually enforceable key terms**
- Involve key stakeholders from the beginning and emphasize communication
- **Make candidates earn the right to be your partner**



# SIGNS OF STRESS: ABRIDGED

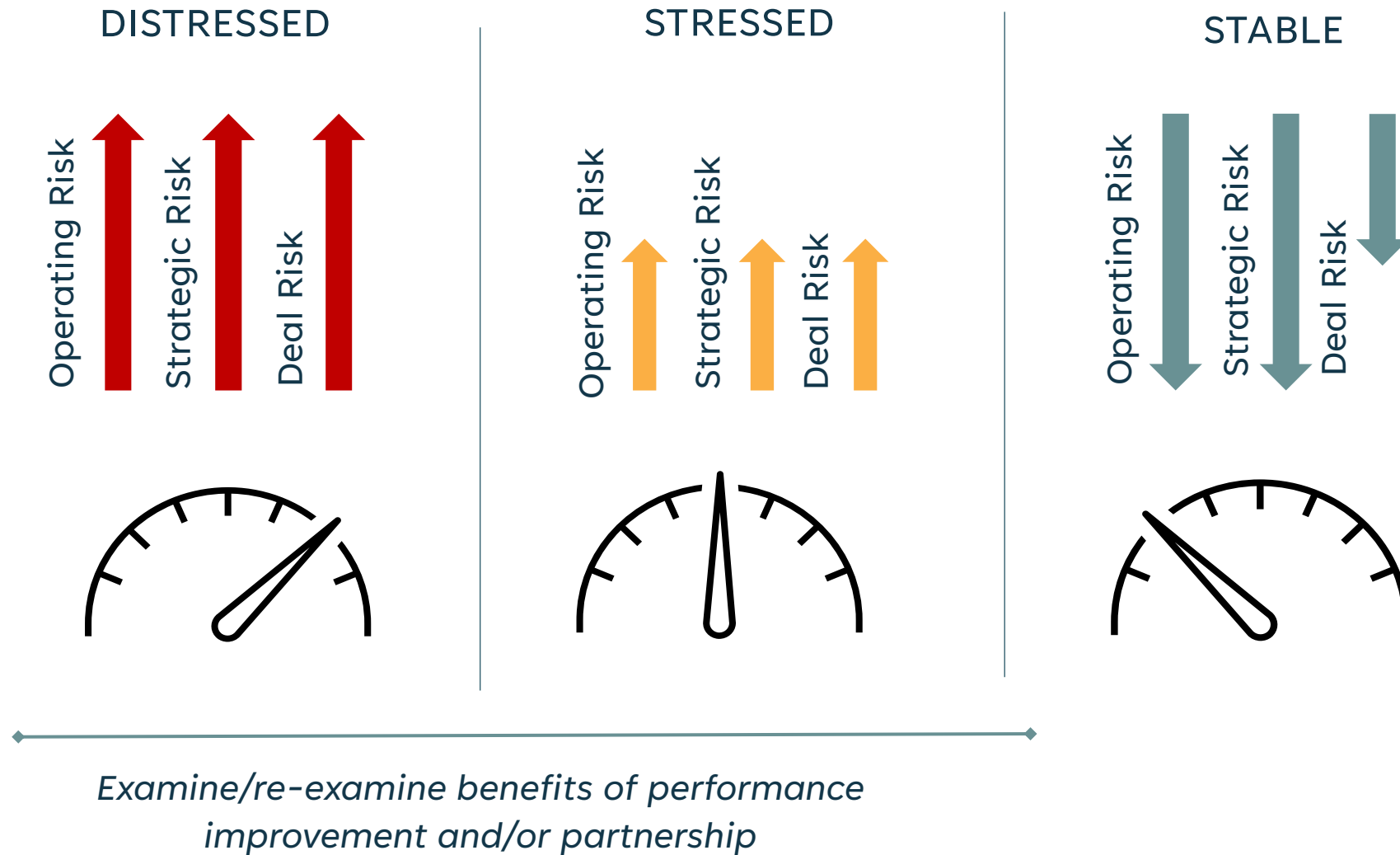


Examine/re-examine the benefits of performance improvement and/or partnership





# HOW STRESS AND RISK ARE RELATED



# FACTORS THAT IMPACT RISK



- The strategic risk profile for most hospitals and health systems is quite dynamic
- The four risk domains depicted to the left describe the major sources of strategic risk in today's environment
- Poor performance in one domain will have collateral or "spillover" effects on one or more of the other domains
- Key trends within each risk category should be monitored annually and long-term trends quantified
- Changes year-to-year can be gradual and indiscernible, but over time the cumulative impacts can be very significant

**Boards may not appreciate the cumulative effects of changes in risk factors that can take place over several years.**



# EVALUATING & MITIGATING STRATEGIC RISK





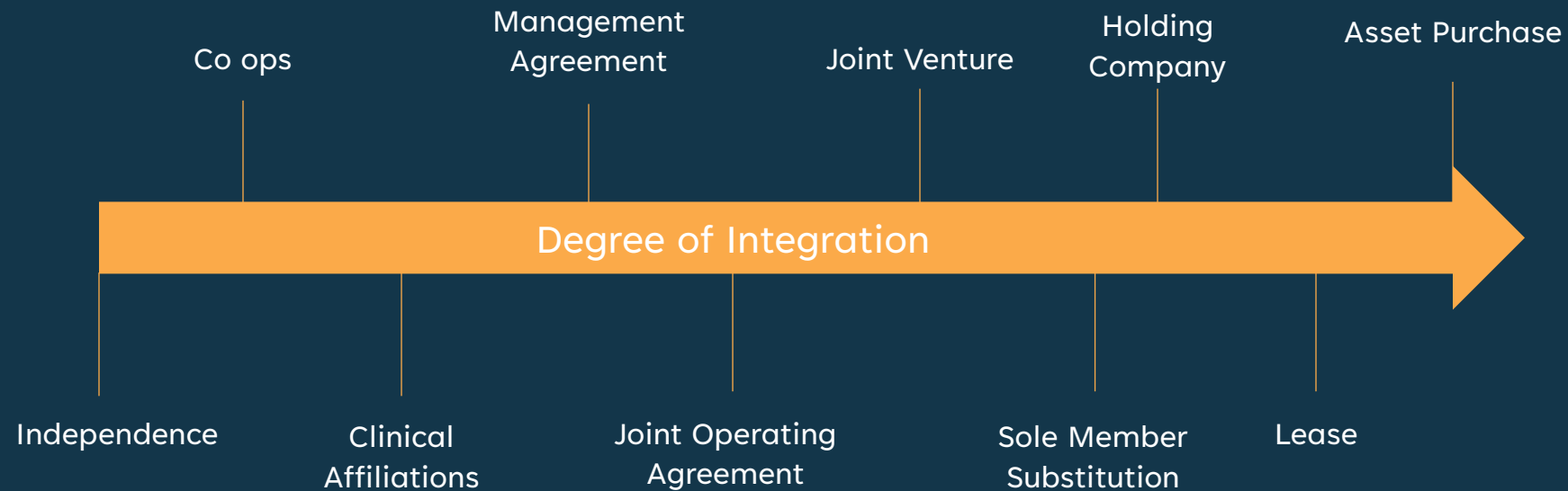
# HOW TO ENSURE YOUR PARTNERSHIP CREATES VALUE

# BUILD UNDERSTANDING AND TRUST



# CONTINUUM OF PARTNERSHIP STRUCTURES

- There are a variety of partnership structures at different degrees of integration



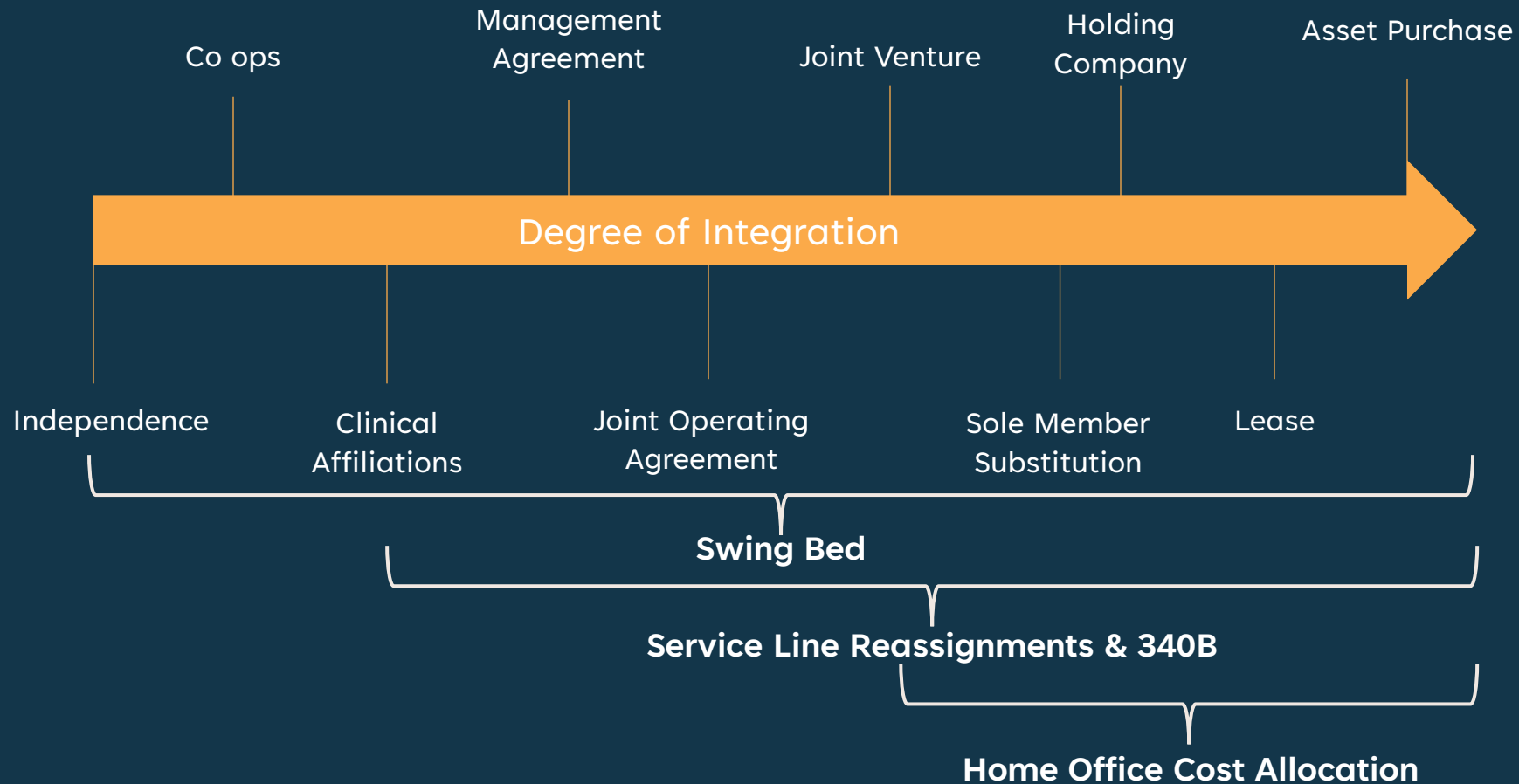
# VALUE LEVERS FOR RURAL HEALTH SYSTEMS

- The following value levers are often misunderstood or undervalued by existing and potential partners:
  - Cost-based payment
  - Cost report optimization opportunities
  - Home office cost allocation
  - Access to 340B
  - Swing beds
  - Rural health clinics
  - Decanting volume and utilizing CAHs as specialized components of the continuum of care
  - The value of attributed lives and a primary care base that is cash flow positive
  - The “true” value of incremental referrals



# CONTINUUM OF PARTNERSHIP STRUCTURES

- There are a variety of partnership structures at different degrees of integration





# PARTNERING IS NOT A RISK-FREE ENDEAVOR

## PROSPECTIVE PARTNERS

- Vet and select a strategically aligned partner
- Select an affiliation structure that fits your strategic objectives and constraints
- Craft contractually enforceable terms that reflect the rural value proposition
- Do their strengths and commitments mitigate your risk profile?
- Assess their track record
  - Do they understand rural?
  - Does their track record back up their promises?

## EXISTING PARTNERS

- Ensure that your partner understands your value proposition
- Ensure your affiliation structure enhances the value provided by the partnership for both parties
- Identify and quantify any missed opportunities
- Quantify the ROI of investments to reflect the unique rural value proposition
  - One size does not fit all
  - E.g., variable vs. fixed cost allocation



# PARTNERSHIP PROCESS FOR EXISTING PARTNERS

- Unleashing previously untapped value should benefit both the rural affiliate and the parent.
- Quantify opportunities with a pragmatic and realistic mindset—do not overpromise and under-deliver.
- Get some early wins on the board to build confidence and buy-in.
- Prioritize opportunities based on:
  - Low cost to implement
  - Quick ROI/time for payback
  - Ability to execute
  - Value to partner, affiliate, and system
  - Strategic fit of the opportunity
- Focus on educating colleagues about recurring benefits and including benefits in future capital allocation decisions.



# PROCESS RECOMMENDATIONS FOR NEW PARTNERSHIPS

**It is beneficial to have prospective partners compete for the privilege of being your partner.**

- Use the process to gather information about your options.
- Also, use the process to educate prospective partners as to your value.
- Assess whether a partner is willing to adjust terms and commitments to reflect the quantification of your value.
- Leverage the analyses of your value, the competitive process, and the asymmetry of information to negotiate improved terms.
- Evaluate prospective partners' track records with their rural affiliates.
- Do not sign an exclusive Letter of Intent until you have an acceptable term sheet in hand.



# CASE STUDY: QUANTIFYING YOUR VALUE

- Stroudwater was retained by a CAH that was projected to have a negative cash balance within two years. Through a strategic options process, our client determined that they needed to find a preferred partner.
- Stroudwater quantified the estimated value the CAH could bring to each partner in the process using the different value levers.
  - Through strategic performance initiatives and a partnership, our client would, on a conservative level, be able to fund its required investments and increase operating performance by about \$670,000 annually per the Net Change in Operating Performance - Low Estimate on the next slide.
- By quantifying the value of the CAH to our client's potential partners, the proposals received were more robust and reflected strong commitments to help the community.
- Our client was able to find a preferred partner and sign a letter of intent with contractually enforceable terms that will ensure that the CAH continues to provide established services and be a fixture in the community.



# CASE STUDY: QUANTIFYING YOUR VALUE, CONT.

Performance Improvement Initiatives	Client
Swing Bed Estimate	\$ 120,000
340b Opportunity	\$ 250,000
Cost Report Opportunity	\$ 170,610
Home Office Cost Allocation Low Estimate	\$ 470,000
Home Office Cost Allocation High Estimate	\$ 780,000
<b>Total Savings Low Estimate</b>	<b>\$ 1,010,610</b>
<b>Total Savings High Estimate</b>	<b>\$ 1,320,610</b>

Required Investment Over 5 Years	
Required Investment	3,587,639
Percentage Debt Financing	100%
Cost Based Reimbursement	40%

## Projection Estimate

	Year 1	Year 5	Year 10	Year 15	Year 20	Year 25	Year 30	Year 35
Principal Balance Outstanding	\$ 3,587,639	\$ 3,114,290	\$ 2,491,503	\$ 1,684,434	\$ 777,344	\$ 350,054	\$ (0)	
Annual Depreciation Expense	\$ (160,148)	\$ (160,148)	\$ (160,148)	\$ (158,498)	\$ (140,165)	\$ (59,315)	\$ (39,254)	\$ -
Annual Interest Expense	\$ (195,209)	\$ (174,450)	\$ (141,196)	\$ (98,039)	\$ (48,818)	\$ (22,109)	\$ (2,340)	\$ -
Total Annual Depreciation Plus Interest	\$ (355,357)	\$ (334,598)	\$ (301,344)	\$ (256,537)	\$ (188,983)	\$ (81,424)	\$ (41,594)	\$ -
Incremental Cost-Based Payments	\$ 141,041	\$ 132,802	\$ 119,603	\$ 101,820	\$ 75,007	\$ 32,317	\$ 16,509	\$ -
Net Interest and Depreciation Cost	\$ (214,316)	\$ (201,796)	\$ (181,741)	\$ (154,718)	\$ (113,975)	\$ (49,107)	\$ (25,086)	\$ -
Annual Principal Payment	\$ (84,575)	\$ (105,334)	\$ (138,588)	\$ (179,596)	\$ (201,854)	\$ (95,084)	\$ (77,897)	\$ -
Total Annual Cost (after Cost Based Payment)	\$ (298,891)	\$ (307,130)	\$ (320,329)	\$ (334,314)	\$ (315,829)	\$ (144,191)	\$ (102,983)	\$ -
<b>Projection Low Estimate</b>								
Total Annual Operating Improvements	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610	\$ 1,010,610
Net Change In Operating Performance - Low Estimate	\$ 711,719	\$ 703,480	\$ 690,281	\$ 676,296	\$ 694,781	\$ 866,419	\$ 907,627	\$ 1,010,610
<b>Projection High Estimate</b>								
Total Savings High Estimate	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610	\$ 1,320,610
Net Change In Operating Performance - High Estimate	\$ 1,021,719	\$ 1,013,480	\$ 1,000,281	\$ 986,296	\$ 1,004,781	\$ 1,176,419	\$ 1,217,627	\$ 1,320,610





# PARTNERSHIP PITFALLS AND HOW TO AVOID THEM



# CASE STUDY: THE WRONG PARTNER/STRUCTURE

- Two financially stressed rural health systems combined into a single health system using a joint operating agreement (JOA).
- The new, combined system struggled to identify early wins that were not seen as “zero-sum solutions” by one or both of its members.
- Every success was viewed jealously by the member that did not receive the investment or resources that led to the success.
- The JOA agreement called for the members to share profits and losses, while member boards and assets remained separate.
- The practical effect was the member that lost more was owed a check by the member that lost less.
- Resentment, distrust, and hostility became the common language at the combined system and on each member board.
- Stroudwater was called in to “fix” this situation.
  - **Goal 1: Avoiding bankruptcy of one member and forestalling litigation among the parties**
  - **Goal 2: Find a partner(s) that could recapitalize each member and enter into separate affiliation agreements with each member given the complete breakdown in trust**
- 18 months later, these goals were realized. Both communities maintained their health systems despite this multi-year misadventure.



# CASE STUDY: WRONG PARTNER

- A distressed critical access hospital (CAH) had a preferred affiliation candidate identified and a signed letter of intent when they approached Stroudwater for assistance because the affiliation process was stalled.
- It quickly became apparent that their preferred partner—a large regional referral center—did not understand the value proposition of having a CAH as part of their health system.
- Stroudwater recommended that the client conduct a process to evaluate a broader selection of affiliation options alongside their preferred partner.
- During that process, Stroudwater educated all interested parties as to the unique value proposition of having a CAH affiliate (home office cost allocation, rural health clinics, 340B eligibility, swing beds, cost-based payment, etc.).
- Despite these education efforts, their prior exclusive prospective partner was not able to incorporate these value drivers into their proposal.
- Thankfully, an alternative preferred partner emerged that had previous experience with distressed rural hospitals, a track record of successful turnarounds, and expertise in operating rural affiliates.
- Our client vetted its options and selected the newly identified partner based on its expertise, track record, and the quality of the terms of its proposal.





# CASE STUDY: NON-COMPETITIVE PROCESS



Stroudwater was retained by a CAH to assist with a partnership process where the preferred partner had already been identified.



The client had not run a competitive partnership process and had been approaching organizations within their area one at a time to potentially negotiate a deal.



The preferred partner at the time was the third organization they had approached.



Due to the clients one at a time approach in the past the preferred partner at the time knew there were limited options available for them locally impacting our clients leverage with negotiations.



Result: Without a competitive process, our client lost leverage and did not receive strong capital commitments or firm deal terms around preserving certain service lines.



# CASE STUDY: DID NOT UNDERSTAND RURAL VALUE



- Our CAH client entered discussions with a large multi-state health system regarding a potential affiliation.
- While both parties saw strategic value for the engagement, the large health system misunderstood the value of the home office cost allocation, placing only \$100K incremental value on this allocation vs. an estimated \$3M+ annual value calculated by Stroudwater.
- A greater than 50% share of cost-based payment also is critical to include in the prospective partner's evaluation of investment needs and opportunities at the CAH.
- The benefit of a modest change in referrals (+2.5% market share gain) would also generate significant additional ROI.
- Result: The prospective partner revised their offer from minimal capital commitment and virtually no local role in governance to an offer that included major investment commitments, major service commitments, and a significant continuing affiliate role in governance.



# KEY TAKEAWAYS



**OPERATIONAL  
PERFORMANCE IS  
FOUNDATIONAL  
TO ANY  
STRATEGIC  
OPTION**



**TIME IS NEVER  
A NEUTRAL  
FACTOR; DON'T  
KICK THE CAN  
DOWN THE  
ROAD**



**KNOW YOUR  
VALUE, DO THE  
HOMEWORK**



**THERE ARE NO  
RISK-FREE  
STRATEGIC  
OPTIONS**



**PROCESS,  
PARTNER,  
STRUCTURE,  
TERMS**





## THANK YOU

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